

THE PUBLIC SOLICITOR BILL 1987

(NAME OF BILL)

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~~(Authorisation from Minister of Finance under s 60 of Constitution)~~

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20-11-87

✓ TO

Minister

(for signing Objects & Reasons, Notice of Presentation and covering letter to Clerk)

20-11-87

~~TO~~

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Goodwin 25/11/87

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(for reference during 1st, 2nd and 3rd Readings)
(Date passed 25/11/87 Act No 25/87)

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(for checking before Assent)

✓ TO

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(for Assent)

S. A. M. 25/12/87

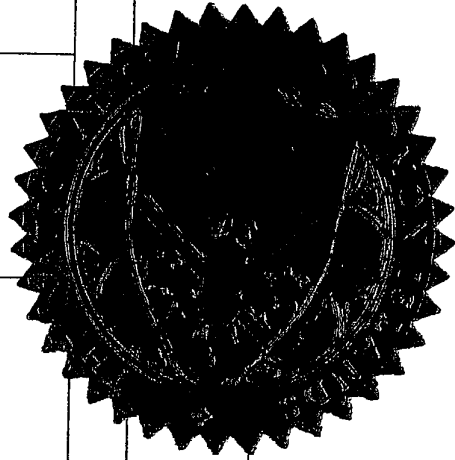
TO

Clerk to National Parliament

(for distribution)

2 copies Attorney General's Chambers
1 copy Ministry
1 copy Parliament Office

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**PUBLIC SOLICITOR ACT
1987**

(NO. 25 OF 1987)



PUBLIC SOLICITOR ACT 1987

(NO. 25 OF 1987)

Passed by the National Parliament this twenty-fifth day of November 1987.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill passed by Parliament and found by me to be a true and correct copy of the said Bill.

*J.M. Tuhaika
Clerk to the National Parliament*

Assented to in Her Majesty's name and on Her Majesty's behalf this thirtieth day of December 1987.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'B. Devesi'.

*B. Devesi
Governor-General*

Date of commencement: see section 1.

AN ACT to make provisions in respect of the granting of legal aid by the Public Solicitor; and for other matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

ENACTED by the National Parliament of Solomon Islands.

PUBLIC SOLICITOR ACT 1987

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Section:

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7. Grant of legal aid.
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1. This Act may be cited as the Public Solicitor Act 1987 and shall come into operation on such day as the Minister may appoint by notice published in the Gazette.

Short title
and commence-
ment.

2. In this Act, the expression -
 "aided person" means a person to whom legal aid has been or is being provided;
 "child" means a person under the age of eighteen years;
 "costs" in relation to proceedings, includes court fees and fees payable for the service of process or in connection with the execution of process;
 "guardian", in relation to a child, includes (without prejudice to the generality of the expression) such person as the Public Solicitor considers might properly be appointed by the Court to be the next friend or guardian *ad litem* of the child;
 "legal aid" means legal aid provided under this Act;
 "legal officer" means a legal practitioner employed in the office of the Public Solicitor; and
 "legal practitioner" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by section 2 of the Legal Practitioners Act 1987.

Inter-
pretation.

3. Legal aid -
 (a) consists of representation of persons in proceedings, including all such assistance as are usually given in the steps preliminary or incidental to the proceedings or in arriving at, or giving effect to, a compromise to avoid or bring an end to the proceedings; and
 (b) includes the providing of legal advice and assistance to persons in need of such advice and assistance.

Scope of
legal aid.

4. For the purposes of this Act, legal aid shall be available -
 (a) to any person who qualifies for such aid in terms of section 92(4) of the Constitution; and
 (b) to such other persons whose income does not exceed such amount as the Minister may by order prescribe.

Persons
entitled
to legal
aid.

5. (1) Any person who, whether in his own right or in a representative or fiduciary capacity, wishes to be provided legal aid shall apply therefor to the Public Solicitor.

Application
for legal
aid.

(2) An application under subsection (1) shall be -
 (a) made in such form as may be prescribed; and

(b) accompanied by a statutory declaration verifying the facts stated in the application.

(3) If the person in need of legal aid is a child, the application shall be made by his guardian, but for the purposes of this Act, the child shall be deemed to be the applicant.

Power to make enquiries.

6. (1) Where an application is made under section 5, the Public Solicitor may -

- (a) make such enquiries as he thinks fit as to the means of the applicant and the merits of the case;
- (b) require the applicant to furnish such information and documents as the Public Solicitor may require in respect of the application; and
- (c) take or cause to be taken such steps as may be necessary to conserve the interests of the applicant pending determination of the application.

(2) The requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) may be dispensed with by the Public Solicitor to such extent as he considers appropriate, in the circumstances of a particular case.

Grant of legal aid.

7. (1) Subject to subsections (2), (3) and (4), the Public Solicitor shall provide legal aid to any person entitled thereto in accordance with section 4.

(2) The Public Solicitor may refuse legal aid, although satisfied that the applicant is entitled thereto in accordance with paragraph (b) of section 4, if, in his opinion the applicant has disposed of any income for the purpose of satisfying the criteria set out in that section.

(3) An applicant may be refused legal aid where it appears to the Public Solicitor that -

- (a) only a trivial advantage would be gained by the applicant from the proceedings or the matter in respect of which legal aid is sought;
- (b) on account of the simple nature of the proceedings or the matter, a legal practitioner would not ordinarily be employed; or
- (c) in the particular circumstances of the case, it would be unreasonable for the applicant to be provided legal aid.

(4) The Public Solicitor may refuse to provide, or may discontinue providing, legal aid to any applicant who -

- (a) fails without reasonable excuse to comply with any request made by the Public Solicitor under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 6; or

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- (b) in furnishing any information or document requested by the Public Solicitor under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 6, knowingly makes any false statement or knowingly furnishes any false document.

8. If, in relation to any proceedings or matter to which a person who has made an application for legal aid is a party, any other party makes application for legal aid, the provisions of this Act shall apply to both parties:

Application for legal aid by more than one party.

Provided that the Public Solicitor may assign a separate legal officer to act for each party in connection with the proceedings or the matter.

9. Where it appears to the Court that an aided person -
- (a) has obtained legal aid by fraud or misrepresentation; or
 - (b) has acted improperly in bringing or defending the legal proceedings or in the conduct of them,

Payment of costs by aided person in certain events.

the court may order the aided person to pay the costs of the Public Solicitor and where appropriate, the costs of the other party to the proceedings.

10. (1) Subject to subsections (3), (4) and (5), where a person is provided legal aid under this Act and is successful, either in whole or in part, in the proceedings brought by him with the assistance of such legal aid, a contribution shall be payable by him to the Public Solicitor in an amount equivalent to such percentage as may be prescribed of the total sum of monies recovered or preserved for the aided person in the proceedings whether on his own behalf or on behalf of another.

Contributions by successful aided persons.

(2) All contributions paid to the Public Solicitor under subsection (1) shall be paid by the Public Solicitor into the Consolidated Fund.

(3) No contribution shall be payable under subsection (1), unless the total sum of monies recovered or preserved for the aided person in the proceedings exceed such sum as may be prescribed.

(4) No contribution payable under subsection (1) shall exceed half of the total sum recovered or preserved for the aided person in the proceedings.

(5) The Public Solicitor may by notice in writing to the aided person waive, either in whole or in part, his rights to a contribution under subsection (1) where he is satisfied that it would cause serious hardship to the aided person if such rights are enforced and in all the circumstances it is just and equitable not to enforce the rights.

(6) For the purposes of this section, proceedings shall be deemed to be successful where sums of monies are recovered or preserved for the aided person either under a court order or under a compromise arrived at to avoid or bring to an end the proceedings.

Regulations.

11. The Minister may make regulations -
- (a) prescribing any matter which, by this Act, is or may be required to be prescribed;
 - (b) in the case where a person seeks legal aid in a matter of urgency, making provision necessary to meet the special circumstances;
 - (c) making provision as to the manner in which the rate of a person's disposable income is to be computed for the purposes of this Act;
 - (d) prescribing any forms to be used under this Act; and
 - (e) generally for the better carrying out of all or any of the provisions of this Act.